

Cherokee Leaders **KEY:**

<b>Leader</b>	<b>Birth</b>	<b>Death</b>	<b>Chief</b>	<b>Importance</b>
<b>Attakullakulla</b>	<b>1700</b>	<b>1780</b>	<b>Probably a Peace chief</b>	<b>Visited London in 1730. Father of Dragging Canoe. Negotiated with European governments</b>
<b>Oconastota</b>	<b>1710</b>	<b>1783</b>	<b>War chief</b>	<b>“The Great Warrior of Chota” - Led the war party that captured Fort Loudoun in 1760. Visited London in 1762.</b>
<b>Ostenaco</b>	<b>1703</b>	<b>1780</b>	<b>War chief</b>	<b>Visited London in 1762. Led party that captured Fort Loudoun, loyal to British</b>
<b>Dragging Canoe</b>	<b>1740</b>	<b>1792</b>	<b>War chief</b>	<b>Greatest Cherokee military leader. Refused to recognize The Treaty of Long Island and led the Chickamaugan tribe</b>
<b>Nancy Ward</b>	<b>1738</b>	<b>1822</b>	<b>Not a chief, but well-respected</b>	<b>As the tribe’s “Beloved Woman,” sat on the Council of Chiefs, and had complete power over prisoners.</b>
<b>Sequoyah</b>	<b>1770</b>	<b>1843</b>	<b>Not a chief, but well-respected</b>	<b>Invented a way to write down the Cherokee language.</b>